

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1           1. (Currently amended)   A method for attempting to access a first data entity in  
2   a file system, the method being performed by a first computing entity, the file system  
3   also including one or more additional data entities that are concurrently accessible to at  
4   least one other computing entity, the file system including an owner field that can be  
5   used to determine whether the first data entity is leased by a computing entity and a  
6   time field that can be used to determine whether a lease for the first data entity has  
7   expired, the method comprising:

8               the first computing entity attempting to obtain a lease for itself on the first  
9   data entity by reading the owner field and:

10               if the owner field indicates that the first data entity is not currently  
11               leased, the first computing entity writing to the owner field to indicate an  
12               assumption of a lease of the first data entity and writing to the time field to  
13               indicate when the lease expires; or

14               if the owner field indicates that the first data entity has been leased,  
15               the first computing entity reading the time field and:

16                       if the time field indicates that the lease has expired, the first  
17                       computing entity writing to the owner field to break the existing  
18                       lease and to indicate an assumption of a new lease and the first  
19                       computing entity writing to the time field to indicate when the new  
20                       lease expires; or

21                       if the time field indicates that the lease is still active,  
22                       concluding that the first data entity is currently unavailable; and

23               if a lease is obtained, the first computing entity accessing the first data  
24   entity while the lease is in effect.

1           2. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 1, wherein the first data entity  
2   is a file.

1           3. (Previously presented)    The method of claim 2, wherein the first data entity  
2 includes metadata and the owner field is located in this metadata.

1           4. (Previously presented)    The method of claim 1, wherein the first data entity  
2 is a directory.

1           5. (Currently amended)    The method of claim 1, wherein the step of the first  
2 computing entity writing to the owner field to indicate an assumption of a lease of the  
3 first data entity comprises the first computing entity writing a data value to the owner  
4 field that uniquely identifies the first computing entity.

1           6. (Previously presented)    The method of claim 5, wherein the data value that  
2 uniquely identifies the first computing entity is determined autonomously by the first  
3 computing entity.

1           7. (Previously presented)    The method of claim 5, wherein the owner field  
2 indicates that the first data entity is not currently leased when the owner field contains a  
3 value of zero.

1           8. (Currently amended)    The method of claim 1, wherein a lease expires a  
2 predetermined period of time after the lease begins, and wherein the step of the first  
3 computing entity writing to the time field to indicate when the lease expires comprises  
4 the first computing entity writing a current time value to the time field.

1           9. (Previously presented)    The method of claim 1, wherein the first computing  
2 entity determines whether a prior lease has expired by reading a first value from the  
3 time field, delaying for a predetermined lease period and reading a second value from  
4 the time field, wherein the first computing entity determines that the prior lease has  
5 expired if the second value is the same as the first value, and the first computing entity  
6 determines that the prior lease has not expired if the second value is different from the  
7 first value.

1           10. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of  
2   reading the owner field and reading the time field are both performed in a single read  
3   operation.

1           11. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 1, wherein, if the first  
2   computing entity concludes that the first data entity is currently unavailable, the first  
3   computing entity further writes an entry to a queue owner field in a queue to indicate an  
4   interest in accessing the first data entity.

1           12. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 11, wherein the first computing  
2   entity also writes to a queue time field to indicate a period of time for which the entry to  
3   the queue owner field is valid.

1           13. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 1 further comprising the first  
2   computing entity reserving a disk on which the owner field and the time field are located  
3   to ensure exclusive access to the disk for the reading and writing of the owner field and  
4   the time field.

1           14. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 1, wherein, if a lease is  
2   obtained, the first computing entity also sets a renewal timer and, after the renewal  
3   timer expires, the first computing entity renews the lease by writing a new value to the  
4   time field.

1           15. (Withdrawn)   A computer system comprising a first physical computer, a  
2   second physical computer, a data storage unit, a first data link for connecting the first  
3   physical computer to the data storage unit and a second data link for connecting the  
4   second physical computer to the data storage unit, the computer system further  
5   comprising:  
6           a first virtual machine running on the first physical computer;  
7           a second virtual machine running on the second physical computer; and  
8           a file system stored on the data storage unit, the file system comprising:

9 a first data entity, the first data entity being usable by the first virtual  
10 machine and by the second virtual machine; and

11 a lock for providing exclusive access to the first data entity, the lock  
12 comprising an owner field and a time field, the owner field being used to  
13 determine if the first data entity has been leased by a computing entity and  
14 the time field being used to determine when a lease of the first data entity  
15 expires.

1 16. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 15, wherein the first data entity  
2 is a file.

1 17. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 16, wherein the file system  
2 further comprises a second file implementing a first virtual disk drive for use by the first  
3 virtual machine and a third file implementing a second virtual disk drive for use by the  
4 second virtual machine.

1 18. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 17, wherein the first data entity  
2 is the second file.

1 19. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 15, wherein the first data entity  
2 is a directory.

1 20. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 15, wherein the file system  
2 further comprises a queue that may be used by a computing entity to indicate an  
3 interest in accessing the first data entity in the event that another computing entity has  
4 exclusive access to the first data entity.

1 21. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 15, wherein the first data entity  
2 includes metadata and the lock is located in this metadata.

1 22. (Withdrawn) The computer system of claim 15, wherein the first data link  
2 and the second data link are part of a data storage network.

1           23. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 15, wherein the data storage  
2   unit comprises a disk drive.

1           24. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 23 further comprising a disk  
2   reservation capability for providing exclusive access to the disk when accessing the  
3   lock.

1           25. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 15 wherein the first physical  
2   computer autonomously determines a first unique data value for identifying the first  
3   virtual machine in the owner field and the second physical computer autonomously  
4   determines a second unique data value for identifying the second virtual machine in the  
5   owner field.

1           26. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 15 wherein the first virtual  
2   machine is migrated from the first physical computer to the second physical computer  
3   and the first data entity remains usable by the first virtual machine and by the second  
4   virtual machine.

1           27. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 26 wherein the first data entity  
2   is a primary virtual disk drive for use by the first virtual machine.

1           28. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 15 wherein, if the first data  
2   entity has been leased for use by the first virtual machine and the first physical  
3   computer fails so that the lease on the first data entity cannot be released by the first  
4   physical computer, when the lease on the first data entity expires, the second physical  
5   computer is able to break the lease on the first data entity and begin using the first data  
6   entity.

1           29. (Withdrawn)   The computer system of claim 28 wherein the first data entity  
2   is a virtual disk drive for the first virtual machine and, after the failure of the first physical  
3   computer and after the breaking of the lease on the first data entity, the first virtual  
4   machine is restarted on the second physical computer using the first data entity.

1           30. (Currently amended) A method for attempting to access a first data entity  
2 in a file system, the method being performed by a first computing entity, the file system  
3 also including one or more additional data entities that are concurrently accessible to at  
4 least one other computing entity, the file system including an owner field that can be  
5 used to determine whether the first data entity is in use by a computing entity, the  
6 method comprising:

7               the first computing entity reading the owner field and determining whether  
8 the first data entity is in use by a computing entity;

9               if the first data entity is not in use by a computing entity, the first  
10 computing entity writing to the owner field to take control of a lock on the first  
11 data entity; and

12              if control of the lock is obtained, the first computing entity accessing the  
13 first data entity; or

14              if control of the lock is not obtained, the first computing entity writing an  
15 entry to a queue owner field to indicate an interest in accessing the first data  
16 entity and waiting for an opportunity to access the first data entity.

1           31. (Currently amended) The method of claim 30 further comprising, if the first  
2 data entity is in use by a computing entity, the first computing entity reading a time field  
3 to determine whether a lease on the data entity has expired and, if the lease has  
4 expired, the first computing entity writing to the owner field to break the existing lease  
5 and to indicate an assumption of a new lease of the first data entity.

1           32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the first  
2 computing entity determines whether the lease has expired by reading a first value from  
3 the time field, delaying for a predetermined lease period and reading a second value  
4 from the time field, wherein the first computing entity determines that the lease has  
5 expired if the second value is the same as the first value, and the first computing entity  
6 determines that the lease has not expired if the second value is different from the first  
7 value.

1           33. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 30 further comprising, if the first  
2 data entity is not in use by a computing entity, in addition to writing to the owner field to  
3 take control of the lock on the first data entity, the first computing entity writing to a time  
4 field to indicate when a lease of the first data entity expires.

1           34. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 30, wherein the first data  
2 entity is a file.

1           35. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 34, wherein the first data  
2 entity includes metadata and the owner field is located in this metadata.

1           36. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 30, wherein the first data  
2 entity is a directory.

1           37. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 30 further comprising the first  
2 computing entity reserving a disk on which the owner field is located to ensure exclusive  
3 access to the disk for the reading and writing of the owner field.

1           38. (Previously presented)   The method of claim 30, wherein the first  
2 computing entity autonomously determines a data value that uniquely identifies the first  
3 computing entity and the first computing entity assumes a lock on the first data entity by  
4 writing the unique data value into the owner field.

1           39. (Currently amended)   The method of claim 30 further comprising, if control  
2 of the lock is not obtained, in addition to writing an entry to a queue owner field to  
3 indicate an interest in accessing the first data entity, the first computing entity writing to  
4 a queue time field to indicate a period of time for which the entry to the queue owner  
5 field is valid.